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THE ISSUES OF REFORMING THE NATIONAL LEGISLATION ON SCIENCE IN THE LIGHT OF THE EUROPEAN INTEGRATION PROCESSES IN UKRAINE

Science reveals and implements the intellectual potential of the nation. Moreover, it is the basis for economic development and industrial growth of any state, determining its place in the international division of labour and in the geopolitical dimension. It plays the leading role for innovation activity in the country. Since the independence of Ukraine, different measures of state regulation and support were tested and applied to the field of science. All the scientists note the relatively poor quality of public services considering science and the inability to find effective ways to overcome specific problems of organizational, financial and legal nature.

An effective legal measure of combining not only science and industry, but

also Ukrainian and European research areas could be the creation of small joint innovative enterprises. Their activities will be aimed at realization of intellectual property objects, which are created during the research of the Ukrainian research entities on the territory of countries-participants of EU. Form of participation in such enterprises of Ukrainian research institutions should be transfer of intellectual property rights, and of the second party – financial contributions. This type of investment in the implementation of scientific and innovative projects could be a good way of financing scientific research along with the grant system. Thus, it requires direct legislative consolidation of its mechanism.