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PERSPECTIVES OF COUNTERTERRORISM STRATEGIES' IMPROVEMENT

Scholars of various disciplines devoted a number of works to practical and theoretical studies of the issue of counterterrorism. Most studies are devoted to criminological aspects of terrorism as a crime: classification and topology of terrorism, the methodological framework and organizational technologies combating domestic and international terrorism were sufficiently developed. Conceptual and methodological framework of general policies of national security in the context of fighting with crisis which provokes terrorism, as well as theoretical foundations of the functioning of state (national) system of counterterrorism, and state control in the field remain poorly developed.

The main objective of this paper is to outline the main approaches to a strategy of neutralizing the crisis and combating terrorism on the basis of social and information technology.

Modern terrorism requires new conceptual approaches, as the existing algo-

rithm of countering terrorism showed its inability to ensure social peace, because there is an evidence of lingering anti-terrorist campaign, the results of which can hardly be called positive. The only acceptable weapon against the crisis of social character may be the optimized technology of social control, capable, given the interests of all the subsystems of the social system, to develop optimized strategies to counteract social conflicts. The key to the effectiveness of counterterrorism strategies is their thorough and timely positioning and operations.

Reformation of legal relations as an objective necessity today requires a combination of legal, social, and informational methods and requires further research, especially in the direction of improving the efficiency of counterterrorism through the shift of focus away from the punishing measures in favor of forecasting and social prevention.