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UNITY OF UKRAINIAN LANDS IN THE UKRAINIAN LEGAL OPINION IN THE LAST THIRD OF THE XIX CENTURY

In our view, the idea of the unity of Ukraine to complete crystallization and politicization took place in several stages of their own development: 1) symbolic – from the early nineteenth century by the end of 1840, 2) organizational (or polemic) 1850-1870-ies, 3) Political-1880-1890s.

At the first stage of Ukrainian mostly on a subconscious level, purely intuitively identified themselves by ethnic lands within the two empires. It was not until 1840, in the second half of that on both sides of the border empires Ukrainian movement became politicized forms. Arrest Cyril Methodians and revolutionary achievements of Western Ukrainian not eliminated the idea of unity, but only re-actualized it became more obvious as the need to unite Ukrainian forces for joint struggle against empires. Now – on his second stage – the idea of unity was realized in the form of debate various ideological currents Ukrainians. Actually

there was a kind of discussion of the major theoretical and practical components of the national territorial identity. To a large extent, the idea of unity depended Ukrainian national project, which became more pronounced with 1850-1870 he must assume that this relationship was mutually.

Finally, the idea of unity and politicize Ukraine crystallized in the «Brotherhood tarasivtsi» obviously – in M. Mikhnovsky. Brothers have seriously considered the Dnieper and Western Ukraine as a whole – the territory of a single Ukrainian-Russian people. Thus, the dissertation intelligence, based on previous achievements state legal opinion substantiated unity of the Ukrainian people and the Ukrainian ethnic lands. She believed that the single, spiritual, cultural, scientific, and later in the Ukrainian political space should be involved as Dnieper and Galicia, and, necessarily, Bukovina and Transcarpathia.