
The article analyzes trends in the development of a professional self-government in the system of the prosecution, the judiciary and the bar. Among the main trends in the development of a professional self-government in the system of the prosecution, the judiciary and the bar should be noted the strengthening of its role as a determining mechanism to ensure independence, the highest professional and ethical level of representatives of relevant communities; the democratization process of the formation of government and decision making in the process of ongoing work; wider application of competitive principles in acquiring the right to profession, lesser role of the subjective factor in the control of knowledge of applicants for membership in the corporation; the involvement exclusively of members of the professional community, with the exception of prosecutors, into activities of bodies of self-government; centralization of the functions of selecting and bringing to disciplinary responsibility by transferring them to one national authority, with the exception of the bar; the inclusion of representatives of other agencies and branches of government (except the bar) into the qualification and disciplinary bodies. Recommendations for improving the organization of work of the judicial, prosecutorial and bar self-government in Ukraine are also provided in the article.