

I. Shevchuk
Candidate of Pedagogical Sciences,
Associate Professor at the Department
of Theory and History of State and Law,
Lesya Ukrainka Eastern European National University

FEATURES OF PROTECTION OF HUMAN AND CIVIL RIGHTS BY THE BODIES OF CONSTITUTIONAL JUSTICE IN UKRAINE AND THE REPUBLIC OF POLAND

This article explores the legal regulation of constitutional rights and freedoms of man and the citizen by the bodies of constitutional justice in Ukraine and the Republic of Poland. The features of the implementation of policy of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine and the Constitutional Tribunal of Poland aimed at protecting and ensuring the rights and freedoms of man and the citizen are defined.

It is noted that the Constitutional Court of Ukraine and the Constitutional Tribunal of Poland play important role in the mechanism of human and civil rights protection in these countries.

It is defined that the Constitutional Court of Ukraine and the Constitutional Tribunal protect directly or indirectly the constitutional human and civil rights. However, the possibilities of Constitutional Court of Ukraine in this sphere are

quite limited, as the legislation sets high standards concerning the grounds and procedure of constitutional appeal to the body of constitutional justice.

The solution to this problem is the introduction of the constitutional complaint institute in Ukraine to be an effective measure ensuring the rights and freedoms of individuals and legal persons.

It is indicated that the experience of the constitutional complaint functioning in the Republic of Poland can be useful both in the overall process of amending the constitutional law of Ukraine for introduction of a constitutional complaint, and in the subsequent practice of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine. The study of the functioning of the constitutional complaint in the Republic of Poland will help to create the concrete proposals for the implementation of this institute of law in Ukraine.