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ADAPTATION OF THE UN CHARTER TO THE CONTEMPORARY REALITIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

The UN Charter, formulated more than fifty years ago, does not reflect the new situation in the world after nuclear weapons, which poses a threat to destroy all life on earth. Does not display it also radically altered the political situation in international relations. This necessitates the development of a new concept of international security, which would get reflected not only purely military guarantees, but such guarantees as tangible economic, environmental and political. Naturally, these realities of international life require changes in the activities of the United Nations, and thus improve its Charter. In the international legal aspects of adaptation of the UN Charter to the contemporary international relations can be realized by adopting amendments or very complex manner in accordance with

Art. 108, or by developing an additional protocol, as was the case with the 1949 Geneva Convention on the protection of war victims. It should be noted that the amendments to the UN Charter and the process of adoption will cause weakening of the binding of this document sui generis, as part of the state can not accept the amendments and delay the process of approval. Some provisions of the UN Charter would be recognized only part of the state. Therefore, in our view, it is necessary to go through the adoption of the Additional Protocol to the United Nations Charter. As for the member states of the protocol it will work and supplement the provisions of the UN Charter, States that refuse to participate in this document will fully execute the current Charter.