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SOME ASPECTS OF THE FORMATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC CONTROL OVER THE SOVIET GOVERNANCE IN THE 20-S OF 20TH CENTURY

An attempt to analyze statutory acts and scientific literature which characterize the main trends of formation and development of public control after the Soviet state administration in 20-s of XX century is made. The author analyzes the main forms of public control during different historical periods of formation of Soviet statehood.

Recently, in the scientific literature are actively discussed prospects of development of social control in Ukraine. This is extremely urgent issues from a scientific point of view and important — with practical, because of the level and intensity of its solutions depend largely on progress in the establishment of civil

society in Ukraine. Analysis of regulations dealing with the organization and implementation of social control, as well as projects related legal acts suggests that social control in our country is still in its infancy. He has already acquired certain organizational forms, but sometimes these forms are still unfilled relevant content. Given that, in our view, the task of jurisprudence is to find the causes that prevent the further progressive development of the institution, but cannot do without the study of the historical features of the formation of this institution in the territory of the Ukrainian state. The solution of this problem, in fact, is the subject of this article.

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ADMINISTRATIVE-LEGAL STATUS OF CITIZENS OF UKRAINE ABROAD

The article analyzes the discussion the scientific positions of domestic researchers concerning administrative-legal status of a person tries to

identify the main elements of the administrative and legal status of citizens of Ukraine abroad and to carry out the classification of the citizens of Ukraine

who reside on the territory of foreign States.

The analysis of the demonstration of scientific generalizations of domestic researchers concerning the legal status of the individual, in particular in the context of the achievements of this problem, administrative and legal science. The attempt to determine the content of the administrative-legal status of a citizen of Ukraine, who is outside the country of his nationality, which is a complex of his rights and obligations stipulated by the norms of administrative law, the implementation of which is provided certain guarantees.

Argues that the legal status of citizens of Ukraine abroad is defined by: 1) law of the state of their stay; 2) the laws

of Ukraine; 3) the norms of international agreements; 4) General and special principles of international law; 5) international custom. Ukrainian citizens abroad state of their stay is granted a certain amount of rights in accordance with their laws and treaties.

To define the key elements of the administrative and legal status of citizens of Ukraine abroad, given their classification in accordance with certain criteria, among which are: 1) the purpose of stay on the territory of a foreign state; 2) the stay in the territory of a foreign state and (3) documents giving the right to departure from Ukraine, proving of a citizen of Ukraine while staying abroad and have an effect on the rights, duties and guarantees.

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QUALITY OF HEALTH CARE: ADMINISTRATIVE AND LEGAL DIMENSION

Medical activities and right at the beginning of the XXI century developing rapidly, but they rarely overlap. The reasons for this state of affairs are a lot of, we note only that this situation negatively affects both the protection of patients' rights, and the development of medical industry.

First of all, it should be noted that the present legislation, declaring everyone's right to health and medical care, does not contain any provisions that would guarantee their quality. Mostly seems to be related to the complexity of this formu-

lation of the concept (quality / low quality), inadequate financing of health care and the imperfection of organizational and legal support to these processes.

As the quality of health services is a hot topic, there are many understandings of the concept. In our view, all items should be divided into three groups:

- 1) research;
- 2) the formal and legal;
- 3) International.

We believe that under the appropriate quality care to understand comparison of patient expectations and medical staff